wages, fluctuations in the prices of yarn and cotton. This resulted in erosion of the liquidity of Co-operative Spinning Mills. However, the National Co-operative Development Corporation during the year 1987 has introduced a margin money scheme for assisting the cooperative spinning mills towards meeting the margin money for working capital requirements of the mills. This is expected to help the Cooperative spinning mills in improving their liquidity. The Federations of Cooperative Spinning Mills at national and State levels have been organised to advice the cooperative spinning mills in improving their performance. The Federations fake active part in analysing the operational, marketing and raw material procurement problems of the member-mills, and advice them periodically. Also the performance of the cooperative spinning mills is monitored at the NCDC's level.

Amalgamation of sick units of NTC

•352. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH HANSPAL: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the NTC has chalked cut a programme for amalgamation of its sick units through modernisation;

(b) if so, what are the details of the sick units under the NTC;

(c) whether the interests of the workers will also be taken into account while amalgamating the sick units; and

(d) what are the details of the finan cial implications involved and to what extent the production of such units will improve as a result thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES AND THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) NTC has been considering various steps including amalgamation of some of the units located in close proximity to improve the over-all performance. However, no final decision has been taken in this regard.

(b) to (d) Do not arise.

*353. *[Trensferred to the 1th December,* 1987.]

FERA violaious by Shri L. N. Thapar and Shri M. K. Jajodia

*354. SHRI SHANKER SINGH VAGHELA:

SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Shri L. N. Thapar and Shri M. K. Jajodia, who were involved in FERA violations, had agreed to repatriate about Rs. 14 crores and Rs. 3.5 crores respectively, in foreign exchange; and

(b) whether they have honoured their commitments due to which penal actions against them were postponed; if so, when and in what manner and if not, what penal actions have been taken against them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPART WENT OF EXPENDITURE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI B. K. GADHVI): (a) Shri L. M. Thapar, in his letter of apology, had undertaken to co-operate in the adjudication proceedings, to be initiated under section 51 of FERA 1973, and not to repeat FERA violations in future. Shri M. K. Jajodia, Managing Director of M|S. Roger Enterprises Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, had undertaken to repatriate Rs. 3.44 crores by the end of December. 1987.

(b) The penal action against Shri L. M. Thapar and his companies and Shri M. K. Jojodia and M/s. Roger Enterprises has .not been postponed. Show Cause Notices have been issued to them and the adjudication proceedings 'are in progress.

Implementation of the recommendations of Wage Board for industrial workers

*355. SHRI NARESH C. PUGLIA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have appointed any Committee to ensure implemen-

tation of the recommendations of the Wage Board for industrial workers;

(b) whether Government are aware that certain companies dealing in cement work have not implemented the recommendations of the Wage Board; and

(c) if so. what provisions have been made fur preventing violations of the recommendations of the Wage Board?

THE' MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) No. Sir.

(b) I tvo Wage Boards were set up for the Cement Industry jn 1958 and 1964. After the second Cement Wage Board, there have been two Arbitration Awards for the workers of Cement Industry in 1978 and 1983. These awards were in pursuance of the Arbitration Agreements under Suction 10A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

A case has come to notice in a Cement Plant in Maharashtra recently where an iridustrial dispute was sought to be '-rai-sed reglvding the date from which the Award would be applicable in that unit. There was a strike over this issue. The Industrial Court held the strike to be illegal.

(c) The Cement Wage Board-, were non-statutory bodies and there were no statutory provisions for securing enforcement of their recommendations The Arbitration Award, are, however, legally enforceaMe under the various provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, both against the employers as also workmen, for any breach of the Awards.

Shortage of Yarn in Tamil Nadu

*356. SHRI M. VINCENT: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleasedtostate:

(a) wtether the difficulties being experienced by the powerloomi'handloom settlors in Tamil Nadu due to acute yarn-shortage following the recent export of large quantity of yarn have been brought to his notice; and

(b) if so, what steps his Ministry has taken to remove the hardship caused tattle powerloom|handloom sectors to enable them to meet their commitments'.'

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES AND THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (»') and (b) The Government have been receiving representations from various quarters regarding difficulties being faced by the handloom and powerloom sectors in Tamil Nadu. These sectors in Tamil Nadu also face the general situation in the country, namely that profitability of weaving operations has been affected b_v the rise of prices of cotton yarn and poor tee of cloth due to erosion of purling power in rural and: urban areas, mostly due to drought conditions and floods.

The difficulites are due to increas-in yarn prices not availability since Tamil Nadu has having surplus yarn production. The supply of yarn to-handloom weavers within the cooperative fold is fully met by Cooperative Spinning Mills through Cooptex. Cooperative Spinning Mills have set up two common yarn selling Depots, one at Salem and the other at Madurai to supply yarn to the weavers outside the cooperative fold. The National Textile Corporation is also having yarn depots at Madurai, Coimbatore, Salem. Tirpur Erode and Somanur.

The release of quota for export of cotton has been suspended. Government are maintaining a constant watch and taking necessary measures to ensure availability of yarn *at* reasonable prices.